

The Intelligencer.

Office: Nos. 23 and 25 Fourteenth Street.

What's in a name? The Puritan won yesterday.

The hoary-headed old town of Concord, Mass., celebrated the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of its incorporation the other day.

It is asserted that the czar of Russia is tortured with fear. That is nothing more than the case inflicted on many of his unfortunate subjects.

It is hardly makes another speech in favor of the suppression of the colored vote in the South the people of Ohio will only know of one way to vote.

Mr. JAMES W. WARDEN retired last evening as United States gauger with a record second to no other officer in the service. Mr. Louis Gans succeeds him. This is a Reform Administration.

The Yankee yacht, after a hard race yesterday, crossed the line about sixteen minutes in advance of the Genesta. This will bring joy to the hearts of the partisans of the Puritan, and make the pocketbooks of the confident backers of the British boat ache.

The Free Thinkers have held their convention, and Bob Ingersoll improved the opportunity to once more advertise his lectures—lectures he don't believe in himself—by declaring that there is no God, and that a personal devil is the dream of some religious enthusiasts.

The prohibitionists of Ohio should read Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's position on high license. The influence of the Plymouth preacher may not be very weighty in Ohio, but his point is so well taken that Satan must be crawling out of the bosom of the smooth sailing Democrats.

Doctor TALMAGE will be given an imposing reception at the Brooklyn Tabernacle to-morrow evening. Henry Ward Beecher will preside. Emma Abbott will sing and Talmage will give some choice imitations of himself.—Philadelphia Press editorial, anticipating Wheeling Register's special dispatch by wire.

The men who were arrested in New York for breaking their vengeance on an employer who had discharged them by attempting to blow up his establishment with dynamite should be shown no mercy. That method of settling disputes should not be allowed to gain the smallest kind of a foothold in this country.

As efficient clerk in the Treasury Department, a widow, was discharged last week because she wrote a Republican campaign song. It will now be in the order of reform to dispense with the services of Miss Cleveland at the White House for writing a book—that is, if it is really a consistent reform administration.

JESSE MERRILL, of Mercer, Pa., has just decided that the school directors of that county have a right to adopt any version of the Bible they choose, to be read in the public schools. This decision was the outcome of a suit instituted by the Roman Catholic citizens to restrain the school directors from permitting the reading of King James' version in the schools.

It will be interesting to know just how much it cost the reform Administration to place Mr. Kelley, the great rejected, on the roll of fame as a minister abroad. Mr. Kelley himself would confer a favor by printing his diary, especially the entries in regard to life in a large city—Paris. If we must have reform let us by all means demand a bill of particulars for the luxury.

GEN. FLETCHER, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Virginia, is no speaker, but a good writer. He has written a book, "The Reform of the Government," which is a good thing. Exactly, but General Lee is not the only Southern Democrat whose accomplishments run to riding. The "red shirt riders" were proficient aids to Democratic success, no eloquence by word of mouth being required to convince their auditors—nothing but the speaking shotgun.

REGISTER OF THE TREASURY ROSECRANS is fast making a record that will eventually result in robbing Higgins of the crown he now wears. Rosecrans, yesterday, turned out a preacher, who was a fourth-class clerk, and when asked the cause that pleased the appointing officer. "That it was the pleasure of the appointing officer." These "reform" officials seem to be getting obligingly frank of late. This, at least, is an improvement to be noted in favor of "reform."

Poor, down-trodden Ireland! Her people may have made mistakes in the ecstasy of a misguided patriotism, but her oppression has been great. The last story of the decline of that country is told by a recent census, which shows that the population has been waning since 1841. At that time there were 8,195,597 people on the island. The decline has continued through five decades, the census of 1885 showing a population of something less than 5,000,000, or a total decrease in forty-five years of 3,000,000. From this exhibit there can be no doubt but that there is something radically wrong in the government of the Irish people.

G. WASH TIPPETT, of the Pt. Pleasant Register, is hot over an insinuation made by ex-Auditor Bennett's Huntington Advertiser, to the effect that Tippet was doing the lawing act towards the Camden-Kenna dynasty, because, forsooth! Tippet Jr. had been appointed a mail messenger. Mr. Tippet says that such an insinuation is nothing but a display of contemptible littleness, and he wants to know if it was a crime to appoint his son to a position, and if, he Tippet, Sr., was not entitled to recognition from the Democratic powers? Why, of course, to be sure. But then you will be expected to hold up your end of the string next year when the vote for members of the Legislature is counted. The Camden business must be all present or satisfactory accounted for.

Captain Anderson, Chief of Coal and Iron Police, denies that "Mollie Maguire" have any extensive organization in the coal regions of Pennsylvania now.

THE DURHAM BULL

IS STILL BUTTING AWAY AT IT.

The Latest Sermon on the Alabama Claims Court—What Democrats in Washington Think of Headly as a Candidate.

Misgivings—Rosecrans' Yacht.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 14.—First Comptroller Durham has written a letter to J. A. J. Cresswell, United States Consul before the Court of Alabama Claims, in regard to the amount of his compensation under the law, in which he says: "Without discussing that portion of your letter of the 11th inst. replying to articles in the Washington Star and New York Herald, with which this office has no concern, I would respectfully call your attention to section 5 of act of January 31, 1874, in the following words: That the President may designate a counselor at large, on behalf of the United States, and represent the interest of the Government in said suit, and in all claims filed for and on behalf of the United States, and subject to the supervision and control of the Attorney General. Such counsel shall receive for his services, expenses and such reasonable allowance for each claim as may be approved by court to be appointed in each claim, adjudicated and paid from said award upon the certificate of the court of the judges, and to the provision of the act of March 3, 1875, 18 Stat. 373, thus, that the compensation of the counsel of the United States provided for by section 5 of the act of Congress creating a court of Commissioners of Alabama Claims approved June 25, 1874, shall not exceed \$5,000 per annum, and under your rule of construction said award by Chief Justice Taney in Aldridge et al. vs. Williams (3 How. 24).

HOADLY A WEAK CANDIDATE.

That's What a Cleveland Democrat Says about Him—Leonard a Hypocrite.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—The Post has a special in to-day's issue from Columbus, on the subject of the campaign in Ohio. The correspondent quotes the words of a "very prominent citizen of Cleveland and a good Democrat," and this citizen said: "I am satisfied that Hoadly's nomination was a mistake. He does not command the respect of the best elements of the Democratic party. He is erratic and irregular. He is a bright lawyer, but he has been the means of having any his digestion is not good, and the public at large do not greatly enthuse over dyspeptics."

"But he succeeded two years ago."

"True. No one will deny that he has a good deal of credit to his credit. He is a man of great energy and ability, and he has been the means of having any his digestion is not good, and the public at large do not greatly enthuse over dyspeptics."

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MR. KNOTT'S TRIP.

Pleased With the West, and the People Pleased With Him.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Chief Clerk

Sweeney, of the Second Assistant Postmaster General's office, has received advice from General Assistant Postmaster General Knott that he is homeward bound from Denver, and will be in St. Louis to-morrow. He goes thence to Cincinnati, and expects to be here by Thursday.

He went from this city to Chicago, and thence by the Northern Pacific railroad to Bismarck, Dakota. He is posting himself in the working of the railway mail service especially, and all mail delivery matters generally. It is his first trip West, and he expresses himself as delighted with the country.

In an interview with an Omaha reporter on September 7, while at Omaha, he said that his report on the present manner of handling the mail would be very favorable. Speaking of the country, he said: "It was spring up like Jonah's gourd, but the fact is that it is a most active and enterprising country. It seems to be keeping on growing and improving. While you are all Eastern people, and look like the inhabitants of my State (Maryland), still I can see a more active and enterprising people than we have in the East." He praised Omaha, and the reporter, in turn, praised him by saying: "His quick intelligence, cultivated manner and easy bearing are a fine impression on our people, and he was much pleased with his trip." The Omaha Club tendered Mr. Knott a reception, but he was obliged to decline on account of leaving the city for Denver. As it was, he held a public reception in the hotel parlor, and all the leading citizens and officials called on him. Mrs. Knott accompanied her husband.

THE AUSTRIAN MISSION.

The Post Likely to Remain Vacant for Some Time.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Kelley now having formally tendered his resignation and the same having been accepted, the Austrian mission is now vacant. What will be done about filling it is just now a matter of speculation. Applicants for the office are not giving much if any encouragement. The Austrian mission is now vacant. What will be done about filling it is just now a matter of speculation. Applicants for the office are not giving much if any encouragement.

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Mexican Grasshopper Plague.

PASO DEL NORTE, MEX., Sept. 14.—To add to the distress of the fever-infested district of the State of Vera Cruz, it is learned from wealthy residents of Vera Cruz, who have fled from that fever-stricken city, that the State of Vera Cruz, is swarming with myriads of grasshoppers which are devouring the crops and everything green. They are similar to the Kansas grasshoppers, but smaller, and sweep the country of every vestige of verdure, even to the tender shoots of the trees. The crop of wheat, the sole reliance of the poor population, is completely destroyed, which will entail great suffering upon that class. The grasshoppers appeared August last, and are rapidly spreading. They have appeared in other Southern States of Mexico, and the ravages are reported as equaling those reported in the State of Vera Cruz.

A House Collapse.

ANY ARROW, MICH., Sept. 14.—At 4 o'clock yesterday morning a tenement house in the rear of a shoe shop on Fourth street, fell in and killed a colored woman. Mrs. Ausman Bailey. There were ten persons in the house when it fell. They were Will Bibbins and family, Ben Williams and Will Hinch, up stairs, and Mrs. Ausman Bailey and Mr. Talbert, down stairs, all colored. All escaped with slight injuries save Mrs. Bailey, who was killed. She was about sixty years of age, and had been afflicted with paralysis for several years. She had raised up in bed as the crash came, when she was struck by the brick wall. She was heard to scream when the structure was secured after the two hours' work by the fire department.

All Vessels Afraid of It.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 14.—There is a firm in this city which has on hand fifty tons of nitro-glycerine, manufactured for a house at Mazatlan, and notwithstanding three cents a pound has been offered sailing masters to carry the explosive to Valparaiso, all citizens have been alarmed, and it is more than likely no vessel in port will accept the cargo. Even the English "tramps," which take any and everything, will not accept the risk. The company is now trying to have the nitro-glycerine packed in a sailing vessel from New York.

Pagant of Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 14.—The Order of Cincinnati, an association whose object is to produce annually a public pagant resembling somewhat the Mardi Gras ceremonies in Southern cities, has arranged for a public reception of Cincinnati, with fireworks, on the river front for to-morrow night; a night pagant for Wednesday of twenty-five cars, illustrating the poem "The Boatman's Song," and a ball on Thursday night at Music Hall. An effect has been made to have the affair as imposing as possible.

Made a Fatal Mistake.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Fire broke out at 4 A.M. to-day in the cellar of H. Hildenger's five-story brick tenement, 228 East Eighty-first street, and the occupants, over 70 persons, in nineteen families, became unduly alarmed. Mrs. J. Rathbun, 39 years old, wife of a German, in endeavoring to escape with a child, mistook the door of an air shaft for another, and falling to the cellar, was killed. Her child, 8 months old, was also killed. No one else was hurt, and the fire did less than \$500 damage.

Demand Extra Pay.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Sept. 14.—The Western Union telegraph operators held a largely attended public meeting at their hall yesterday, and a committee of five was appointed to wait upon the Superintendent at once and demand a restoration of extra pay for over time. The operators have been compelled to work from two to five hours daily, extra time, without extra compensation, for nearly two years.

Prominent Mail Keeper Dead.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 14.—Daniel Dorsey, aged seventy-four years, proprietor of Barnum's City Hotel, died this morning at his country seat in Baltimore county. Mr. Dorsey married a daughter of David Barnum, founder of the house, and succeeded to his charge twenty-one years ago.

GENESTA GAFRED

BY THE PURITANICAL BIRD

From Boston—The First Trial of Speed That Promised to Be a Race—The Yankee Craft Comes in a Winner Over Sixteen Minutes Ahead of the Genesta.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—In the thirty-eight mile race over the New York Yacht Club course to-day, the Puritan defeated the Genesta sixteen minutes and seventeen seconds, corrected time, or sixteen minutes and forty-seven seconds actual time. The wind was extremely light from the start to Sandy Hook going out, and from there to the finish coming in, and there was a good eight-knot breeze. The tide was flood during the first half of the race, and ebb coming home.

THE START.

The Yachts Get Away in Good Style—The Scenes on the Course.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—At 9:30 A.M. the indications that the Puritan and Genesta would be able to have, to-day, the initial race for the American cup, over the inside, or New York Yacht Club, course, were quite favorable. The Signal office at Sandy Hook reported at that hour a thirteen-knot breeze from the southwest, with a probability of continuance throughout the day. At 10 A.M. the Genesta and Puritan left their anchorage under sail and proceeded to the starting point off Ovi's Head. The wind was then south-west and light.

The indications of a good breeze, and therefore a lively contest between the rival yachts to-day, served to reawaken the interest that had begun to wane on account of the previous failures, and early in the morning the water was dotted with craft of every description going to the scene of the race. The excursion steamers took down a large number of sight-seers, and the occasion partook of the festive air which characterized the incident preliminary to the first trial. When the yachts started off Ovi's Head, at 10:32, there was a scene of intense excitement for quite a length of time, heightened, perhaps, by the fact that the Puritan had the inside, and the Genesta the outside, and the race was a close one. The Genesta started off Ovi's Head, at 10:32, there was a scene of intense excitement for quite a length of time, heightened, perhaps, by the fact that the Puritan had the inside, and the Genesta the outside, and the race was a close one. The Genesta started off Ovi's Head, at 10:32, there was a scene of intense excitement for quite a length of time, heightened, perhaps, by the fact that the Puritan had the inside, and the Genesta the outside, and the race was a close one.

At 10:35 A.M. the Genesta and Puritan began the race, having crossed the line at 10:34 A.M. The boats started on the port tack, the Puritan receiving an advantage of half a length. After a ten minutes' run in on the Long Island shore, both boats almost simultaneously put about for the start, the Puritan leading. At 11:10 A.M. the Puritan, in going through the narrows, led the Genesta by half a mile. The shores of Long Island and Staten Island were crowded with people, and boats of every description followed the excitement on board of the various steamers that followed because wild, and no outburst seemed too extravagant in face of the victory that seemed assured.

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At 11:40 A.M. both yachts were becalmed off buoy 13. The wind was light from the southwest and was settling. Sandy Hook, however, reported a 12 knot breeze, which kept the yachts encouraged. The sea off Sandy Hook was smooth this morning. The wind, which was light from the southwest, was settling. Sandy Hook, however, reported a 12 knot breeze, which kept the yachts encouraged. The sea off Sandy Hook was smooth this morning.

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Another Breeze.

At 1 P.M. there was a breeze coming from the south, southwest. The yachts felt it. They were both on the port tack. The Genesta kept nearly two miles astern of the Puritan. The race to-day is over what is called the inside course of the New York Yacht Club. The course is down through the narrows, across the lower bay, around buoy No. 10 on the southwest spit, leaving that buoy on the port hand thence to the southwest of buoy No. 5, and to the northward of buoy No. 5 on the point of the hook, out around the Sandy Hook lightship and home over the same course, finishing at buoy No. 15, just outside the Narrows.

At 2 P.M. the Genesta, after rounding the spit sent up her balloon top-sail and rapidly reduced the distance between herself and the Puritan. The latter also sent up her balloon top-sail. The racers are only half a mile apart now. The Puritan is now trying to have the nitro-glycerine packed in a sailing vessel from New York.

Analysis of the Race.

The Difference in Speed—The Scene at the Finish.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The largest fleet of steamers ever assembled in New York harbor for a similar night accompanied the yachts over the entire course. The scene at the finish was one of the grandest ever witnessed. Both yachts were saluted by every vessel, and a gun from Fort Wadsworth, Staten Island. Owing to the cracking of an iron cap of the Genesta's mainmast the outside race is postponed till Wednesday. At last the representative yachts of England and America—the centre boat aloop Puritan and the keel cutter Genesta—have met and fought one round in the marine battle which is to decide the future ownership of that precious trophy, the America's cup. In a race of 38 miles, over the inside course of the New York Yacht Club, to-day the centre boat defeated the cutter with the 28 seconds time allowed counter by the Puritan's 16 minutes and 19 seconds corrected.

The wind at the start was light from the south by west, which made a dead heat to the first mark. From here to the lightship the wind freshened, and permitted the yachts to start sheets at intervals. From the "outer mark" back to buoy 5, off Sandy Hook, the wind was about four points free. Two tacks were made in the Homestead to weather buoy 10, and from there to the finish the wind was well on the port. An analysis of the race shows that the Puritan beat the Genesta 3 minutes and 1 second. From the start to the lightship 1 minute and 9 seconds, and from the start to the lightship 4 minutes and 20 seconds. From buoy 5 off the point of Sandy Hook, to the lightship, about 8 miles in a fresh breeze with sea to the water, the Puritan only gained 22 seconds on the Genesta and only 18 seconds on the same distance coming back to buoy 5. In the entire run from the outer mark to the finish the Puritan beat the Genesta 12 minutes and 26 seconds.

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A London Opinion.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—The Daily News referring to the Genesta's heavy bowprit says: "Such things are among the chances of war and must be accepted. The good humor of the losers though may fairly temper the exultation of the winners."

McCauley's Money Spent.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Dominick McCauley and Billy O'Brien, his backer, called at the World office to-night and left a deposit of \$250 for a match of six rounds, Queensbury rules, with Paddy Ryan, and \$500 for a bare knuckle fight with Sullivan for the championship. McCauley wants to fight Ryan with one glove for \$1,000 a side and Sullivan for \$2,500 a side. He wants to meet Ryan at Usher Park, Cincinnati.

Poor Whisky Did It.

DALLAS, Sept. 14.—The defeated Californian pugilist of yesterday's mill, whose real name is William Rose, says he is confident he would have whipped McGregor, the kid, out of shape, if his seconds had not doled him with poor whisky at the end of the second round.

Given One More Chance.

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 14.—A mob of citizens of Cheater, Neb., started out late Saturday night to hang Warren Coon, a blacksmith, who had repeatedly beaten his wife and threatened to burn the town. For several days he had been drunk, and had whipped his wife several times. His threat to destroy the town excited the citizens, and culminated in a determination to hang him. They surrounded the house, captured Coon, and were about to lynch him, when his wife pleaded for him on her knees and prayed to heaven to spare his life. The mob was so moved by her appeal that they decided to give him one more chance to be a man. Coon finally followed suit, prayed on his knees never again to mistreat his wife, and the mob decided to give him one more chance to be a man. Coon finally followed suit, prayed on his knees never again to mistreat his wife, and the mob decided to give him one more chance to be a man.

Texas School Lands.

ATLANTA, Tex., Sept. 14.—Colonel McCulloch, one of the Special Land Commissioners, has forwarded to the Governor an elaborate report, showing that the school lands are being extensively used for grazing, in violation of the law, in Presidio county. The report gives the names of a number of depredators. Some are occupying vast ranges for their cattle, where they have not leased an acre of land, and others occupy ranges, only small portions of which they have leased from the State. The labor of the Commissioners are expected to make further startling revelations of these wholesale trespasses upon the public lands, and to lead to the reclamation of the lands from such abuses, which have been going on for years so extensively, and depriving the State of local revenues.

Fatal Assassination.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 14.—At 6 P.M. yesterday Winthrop Rand, aged 15, and Robert McIntosh, of the same age, were amusing themselves with bumping together a dump cart on the track of the Boston and Albany railroad. As McIntosh was pushing one car Rand went between them, got his head caught between the bumpers and was crushed to death.

Will Go Hard With Her.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Mary Burgh, the Chicago girl who attempted to take her life in Central Park, is rapidly getting well. She will soon be arraigned for attempting suicide. She does not volunteer any information about herself, and nothing more is known of her than on the night she became an inmate of the hospital.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Canon Farrar has arrived at Quebec.

Secretary Whitney has returned to Washington.

John Hausman, of Ottawa, Ill., was mortally wounded by a spent rifle bullet.

William Gilliam, aged eighteen years, was run over and killed by a train near Berwick.

At Greenville, O., Katy McCann, colored, attempted suicide by jumping from a bridge into a creek.

Democrats at Washington are not confident of Hoadly's election, believing his nomination to be a mistake.

Robert Burgoyne, a miner of Monrovia, Ill., was killed by a mine named Gray, who hit him with a leg.

The trunk factory of G. B. Bains & Sons, at Philadelphia, was destroyed by fire. Loss \$150,000; fully insured.

John Arnold, aged seventy-five years, was accidentally drowned in Mahoning river, at Youngstown, Ohio, Sunday.

Charles Wallace, in jail at Greensburg, Ind., and wanted for a murder, was placed by sawing off the bars of his window.

Some of the guards at the Ohio Penitentiary are making a vigorous kick against the assessment made by the bawdy housekeepers.

Near Jaysville, Darke county, O., in a quarrel over a girl, George Vincent fatally stabbed Annie Jay. The murderer escaped.

Geo. Landfair, a student at the Kentucky State College, Lexington, was arrested on a charge of robbing a jewelry store at Celina, O.

Mrs. Mary E. Kall, of Ohio, a widow and a clerk in the Treasury Department, has been discharged because she wrote a Republican campaign song.

Lars L. Gunderson, a defuncting postmaster of Cumberland, Wis., has been fined the amount of his embezzlement and sent to prison for two years.

Mrs. Gruber jumped from a street car at Indianapolis while it was crossing the railroad track, was knocked down by an engine and had a leg crushed.

Mrs. Lee Goss, of Vincennes, Ind., has obtained a verdict for \$5,000 damages against the Chicago & Alton Railroad for the killing of her husband in a smash-up on that road.

By the bursting of a boiler in Montgomery & Price's steam cotton gin, near Crockett's Bluff, Tennessee, the fireman was instantly killed, and Montgomery and two others were severely injured.

The Board of Naval Officers appointed to consider plans for the construction of the new naval vessels met at the Naval Department yesterday. The board expects to have the report ready to submit to Secretary Whitney within a couple of weeks.

A BLOODY BATTLE.

FOLLOWED BY A BIG MASSACRE

Of the Fervent Troops, Who Valiantly Held Out Against the Odds of the Attacking Rebel Forces—Soldiers Slaughtered and Then Burned.

PANAMA, Sept. 14.—The latest advices from Lima give details of a battle at Canto on the 15th. On the morning of the day a detachment of Government troops occupying the town of Canto, 60 miles from Lima, in the valley running parallel to that of the Reinas, was surprised by the advance of Gen. Caeceras' army, and after a sharp action of several hours were forced to fly in disorder. Government troops operating against Canto were 300 men of the line, with 500 cavalrymen, and fifty mounted gunners, the whole force being commanded by Col. Torres. Canto has been occupied for several days by the Montrose, or irregular revolutionary forces, retreating on the approach of this detachment. On Friday evening news arrived of the approach of a considerable division of the enemy, and upon Col. Bustamante's advice it was decided to defend the town. On Saturday at 7 A.M. the hills around Canto were occupied by the enemy, apparently 1,500 or 2,000 strong, and with about 200 cavalry.

HEMLOCKED IN.

The latter were stationed at the outlets of the valley leading toward the coast and the interior, so that at first the Government forces were effectually corralled. Colonel Torres had placed his men in the barracks, situated in the principal square of the town, having also small outlying garrisons behind some of the walls in the suburbs. The artillery, and upon Col. Bustamante's advice it was decided to defend the town. On Saturday at 7 A.M. the hills around Canto were occupied by the enemy, apparently 1,500 or 2,000 strong, and with about 200 cavalry.

FEARFUL CARNAGE.

At 2 o'clock a desperate attempt was made to drive the rebels from town, which they had then entered at the point of the bayonet. This failed and then defeat was accomplished. The fight was hard to hand in the streets, no quarter being given, and the most dreadful scenes of carnage occurred. Houses, where some of the defeated soldiers had taken refuge, were broken open and all found within murdered, without distinction of sex or character, and then were burned. A few of the most determined of the government cavalrymen, headed by Col. Pachas, cut through their opponents and made their escape.

Col. Bustamante, to whose counsel the defeat was due, seeing that all was lost blew out his brains on the field of action. Col. Torres escaped early in the night and the Government has named another officer to command the defense of Canto. The Government forces are now in the mountains or following Pachas. Very few prisoners were taken, for as has been stated no quarter was given.

Make It Strong.

PANAMA, Sept. 14.—Mr. Julio Romero Santos, who was recently released from prison in Ecuador, has arrived in Panama on his way to Washington. The object of his journey is to establish his claim to recognition as an American citizen, and to obtain the Government's recognition of his claim to the title of "Baron of the Republic." He is a man of high standing, and has been a member of the Ecuadorian authorities for the losses he has suffered by false arrest and imprisonment.

LIBERTY NOW AND FOREVER.

JOHN ADAMS' Patriotic Cry Ringing Throughout Ireland To-day.

DUBLIN, Sept. 14.—A correspondent telegraphs: The old American colonial cry of John Adams, "Independence now and forever," is being adopted everywhere in the Irish election campaign, now beginning in dead earnest wherever the Nationalists meet to congregate. The Daily meeting yesterday was as revolutionary as any in 1848, when Wexford Redmon exclaimed in his speech there, "If the demands of Ireland are ignored I dare say the day may come when the crack of rifles on the shore of Great Britain will bring like Mr. Chamberlain to their senses."

About the time the Lord Lieutenant arrived he possibly heard the shouts which greeted this outburst, or which hailed this passage